Introduction

Turkish, Kurdish and Arab Nomad

Turkish-Islamic Community

with Special Reference to the Muslims in Germany
The transformation of Islam in Germany: domestic, social, and international influences

1. The development of Islam in Germany has been determined by a number of factors, the most important of which are (1) the trend of globalization and the interconnection of cultures, (2) the acceleration of migration and the presence of minorities from Islamic countries, (3) the presence of Islamic communities in Germany, (4) the development of educational institutions, and (5) the influence of media and the internet.

2. The transformation of Islam in Germany continues to be shaped by these factors, and the development of Islam in Germany is a complex and dynamic process that involves a variety of social, cultural, and religious factors.
The main cause of determinants for the change in the

2.3. Turkish Policies and other International Influences

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The German education system, also known as the "German education plan," has historically been focused on the training and development of students rather than on the immediate needs of children. It is often criticized for not placing enough emphasis on the needs of individual children, but instead focusing on the overall progress of the class. As a result, teachers often feel pressure to prioritize the group's performance over the individual achievement of students.

The current system of education in Germany is considered to be both strong and weak. On the one hand, it is known for its high standards and rigorous testing, which ensures that students are well-prepared for their future careers. On the other hand, it has been criticized for being too focused on standardized exams, leaving little room for creativity and critical thinking.

Another issue with the current system is the lack of emphasis on vocational education. While there are options for students interested in pursuing a trade or vocational pathway, many students are steered towards traditional academic pathways. This can lead to a disconnect between what students learn in school and the skills they need to succeed in the workforce.

In recent years, there has been a push to reform the education system in Germany. Some of the proposed changes include increasing the focus on vocational education, improving teacher training, and implementing more technology in the classroom. These reforms are seen as essential to preparing students for the modern workforce and ensuring that they are well-equipped to succeed in a rapidly changing world.

The idea of reforming the education system in Germany is not unique to this country, as many countries around the world face similar challenges. Whether it is through increased funding, teacher training, or technology integration, the key is to find a balance between academic excellence and practical skills training.

In conclusion, the German education system is a complex and multifaceted one, with both strengths and weaknesses. As the country continues to evolve, it is important to ensure that the education system adapts to meet the needs of students and prepares them for the challenges of the 21st century.
5 - Prospects of Dialogue or Extremism?

Confrontations and tension services

Any mutations upon social order, or changes in the political, social, or economic climate of the country, as well as in elements of power within the power structure, can result in confrontations that may lead to extremism. However, the key question is the extent to which these confrontations are genuine or merely the result of propaganda or misinformation.

In December 1994, the German government issued a report on extremism and terrorism in Germany, which highlighted the need for a comprehensive approach to counter extremism. The report recommended the establishment of a national coordination council, the formation of a national council on extremism, and the creation of a national extremism database.

In conclusion, the problem of extremism in Germany is complex and multidimensional. It is essential to address the root causes of extremism, such as social inequality, political polarization, and radicalization, and to work towards creating a more inclusive and cohesive society.

References:
- German Federal Ministry of the Interior (1994) "Extremismus in Deutschland".

Muslims in Germany

Muslims have been present in Germany for over 1000 years, with the first recorded Muslim community established in Nuremberg in 1172. Today, there are over 3 million Muslims in Germany, making it the country with the largest Muslim population in Europe.

The Muslim community in Germany is diverse, with members from different countries and backgrounds. The majority of Muslims in Germany are of Turkish descent, followed by those from Pakistan, Iran, and Iraq.

The Muslim community in Germany faces a range of challenges, including discrimination, segregation, and lack of understanding of Islamic culture and religion. However, there are also many positive aspects, such as the growing awareness of the need for interfaith dialogue and the efforts of many Muslims to integrate into German society.

In conclusion, the Muslim community in Germany is an integral part of the country's cultural and social fabric. It is important to recognize the contributions of Muslims to German society and to work towards creating a more inclusive and tolerant society for all.

References:
- Deutsche Gesellschaft für Demokratisierung (1998) "Muslims in Germany: Challenges and Opportunities".
LIST OF TABLES